

भारत का राजपत्र

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असाधारण

EXTRAORDINARY

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PART II—Section 2

प्रधिकार से प्रकाशित

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इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या ही जाती हैं जिससे कि वह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके।

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed
as a separate compilation.

LOK SABHA

The following Bill was introduced in Lok Sabha on the 18th March, 1966:—

BILL No. 18 OF 1966

A Bill further to amend the Constitution of India.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Seventeenth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Constitution (Amendment) Short title and commencement.
- 5 (2) It shall come into force at once.

Amend-
ment of
article 75.

2. In article 75 of the Constitution, after clause (1), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

“(1A) The Prime Minister shall be a member of the House of the People, and not more than one-fourth of the members of the Council of Ministers shall be members of the Council of States.”

Amend-
ment of
article
164.

3. In article 164 of the Constitution, after clause (1), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

“(1A) The Chief Minister shall be a member of the Legislative Assembly, and not more than one-fourth of the members of the Council of Ministers shall be members of the Legislative Council.”

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The highest traditions of parliamentary democracy, with a bi-cameral set-up, demand that the Council of Ministers at the Centre and in the States should consist mostly of members who are directly elected by the people, and that the Prime or Chief Minister should in no circumstances be a member who has been elected indirectly.

Hence this Bill.

NEW DELHI;

HARI VISHNU KAMATH.

The 17th February, 1966.

S. L. SHAKDHER,
Secretary.

